



MINISTERIO DE HACIENDA Y
ADMINISTRACIONES PUBLICAS

*Tribunal de Oposiciones al Cuerpo Superior de
Interventores y Auditores del Estado*

**TERCER EJERCICIO DE LOS PROCESOS SELECTIVOS PARA INGRESO EN EL
CUERPO SUPERIOR DE INTERVENTORES Y AUDITORES DEL ESTADO
CONVOCADO POR ORDEN HAP/1995/2013, DE 22 DE OCTUBRE
(BOE DE 29 DE OCTUBRE DE 2013)**

INGLÉS

NOTAS INTRODUCTORIAS

Este ejercicio se divide en dos partes, con el contenido que se indica a continuación:

- La **primera parte** consiste en una prueba relacionada con el dominio gramatical y de vocabulario del idioma. Consta de 25 preguntas tipo test, con 4 posibles respuestas, de las cuales sólo una será la correcta.
Deberá contestarse directamente en el enunciado marcando la respuesta correcta.
- La **segunda parte** consiste en:
 - Una prueba de traducción al español del texto en inglés.
 - Una prueba de comprensión y redacción. Tras la traducción del texto, se deberá responder brevemente en inglés a las preguntas relacionadas con el mismo.

La contestación a estas pruebas se efectuará en el correspondiente cuadernillo.

El tiempo de realización de este ejercicio será de **1 hora**.

Madrid, 13 de junio de 2014



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INGLÉS: PRIMERA PARTE

1. Tom is going to London ____ January 4th.
 - a) in
 - b) on
 - c) at
 - d) the

2. You buy meat at a ____.
 - a) chemist's
 - b) baker's
 - c) butcher's
 - d) greengrocer's

3. Has the room got a bathroom? ____.
 - a) No, it hasn't
 - b) No, it hasn't got
 - c) No, it isn't got
 - d) No, it isn't

4. We have ____ milk in the fridge, but not much.
 - a) a little
 - b) a few
 - c) many
 - d) lots of



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5. The snow was ____ heavily when I left the house.
- a) dropping
 - b) landing
 - c) descending
 - d) falling
6. When a car pulled out in front of her, Jane did well not to ____ control of her bicycle.
- a) miss
 - b) fail
 - c) lose
 - d) drop
7. I really enjoy stories that are ____ in the distant future.
- a) told
 - b) found
 - c) placed
 - d) set
8. My father ____ his new car for two weeks now.
- a) has had
 - b) has
 - c) is having
 - d) had



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9. What differences are there ____ the English spoken in the UK and the English spoken in the US?

- a) among
- b) between
- c) beside
- d) in

10. ____ you get you father's permission, I'll take you skiing next weekend.

- a) Although
- b) As
- c) Unless
- d) Provided

11. Anyone ____ after the start of the play is not allowed in until the interval.

- a) arrives
- b) has arrived
- c) arriving
- d) arrived

12. The farmhouse was so isolated that they had to generate their own electricity ____.

- a) current
- b) supply
- c) grid
- d) power



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13. Look! There's Amy. She's ___ the street.

- a) in
- b) into
- c) at
- d) to

14. What time _____ to work every day?

- a) you go
- b) are you going
- c) do you go
- d) is going

15. I'm looking ___ my pen.

- a) after
- b) about
- c) around
- d) for

16. I've had this car _____.

- a) for six years
- b) six years ago
- c) since six years
- d) after six years



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17. Would you mind if I _____ the window?
- a) would open
 - b) open
 - c) must open
 - d) opened
18. If I _____ her address I _____ her a letter.
- a) knew / will send
 - b) knew / would send
 - c) did know / would send
 - d) would knew / will send
19. If Mary _____ , she _____ the bus.
- a) got up / hadn't miss
 - b) got up / hadn't missed
 - c) would have got up / wouldn't have missed
 - d) had got up / wouldn't have missed
20. I broke my leg when I _____ tennis.
- a) played.
 - b) was playing.
 - c) had played.
 - d) have played.



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21. Do you have ___ apples?

- a) a
- b) any
- c) some
- d) an

22. She is the secretary ___ I told you about.

- a) where
- b) who
- c) what
- d) which

23. I wish I _____ all that time going out with my friends instead of studying.

- a) wasted
- b) would have wasted
- c) wouldn't have wasted
- d) hadn't wasted

24. I always leave my keys on the desk by the door, so something ___ distracted me when I was going to hang them up.

- a) must have
- b) can't have
- c) should have
- d) might have



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25. After the death of her husband, Mary felt that she couldn't carry ___ living.

- a) out
- b) through
- c) off
- d) on



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INGLÉS: SEGUNDA PARTE

I - TRANSLATION

Elections night is over: what follows?

The Conference of Presidents, which consists of the leaders of parliamentary groups and the EP (European Parliament) president, meets early on Tuesday 27 May, to discuss what the results of the European elections mean for the political landscape in Europe and Parliament itself, as well as how they will influence the election of the president of the European Commission.

For the first time ever, European political parties presented official candidates for the top post of the European Commission, the EU's executive body in charge of formulating and enforcing the EU policies that have to be approved by the Parliament and the national governments. On election night, most of these candidates said that the new Commission president should be one of them.

The official nomination should come over the coming weeks from the European Council, where the EU heads of state or government meet. The first step for them is the informal dinner they have in Brussels on Tuesday evening to discuss the issue. The Lisbon Treaty states that in their choice of candidate, they should take into account the results of the elections.

The nominated candidate will then try to rally support from political groups in Parliament, which is expected to vote on whether to approve or not the Council candidate during the 14-17 July plenary session. For the nominee to get the EP's approval, over half of all MEPs, meaning at least 376, should vote in his or her favour.

Another issue to watch for is whether new groups emerge in the Parliament following the elections. Under the EP's rules of procedure, at least 25 MEPs from a quarter of all EU countries (i.e. seven) are needed to form a new group. The official political groups in EP should be established before the first plenary session starting on 1 July.



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During the first plenary session in July, MEPs will choose a new president and the vice-presidents of the Parliament.

Provisional results published on Monday at 15.50 showed the European People's Party Group winning 213 seats in the new Parliament, ahead of the Socialists and Democrats Group (190 seats), the liberals (64 seats) and the greens (53 seats). The European Conservatives and Reformists Group is projected to win 46 seats, the United Left 42, and Europe of Freedom and Democracy 38. The number of MEPs coming from parties/lists that were among those non-attached in the outgoing Parliament is 41, while another 64 seats were won by new parties/candidates still not aligned to any of the existing groups. The results will be updated until they are final.



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II – ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

- 2.1 - On what basis do the candidates nominated by the political parties consider that the new President of the European Commission must be one of them?
- 2.2 - What is the procedure for appointing the new President of the European Commission?
- 2.3 - According to the text, for the moment, how many MEPs are not part of a group in the European Parliament after the elections?
- 2.4 – What are the requirements to form a new group in the European Parliament?